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FRIMLEY AND CAMBERLEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR

FOR

1955.

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Urban Bistrict Council of Frimley and Camberley



With the Compliments
of the
Medical Officer of Health

Public Health Department, Municipal Buildings, London Road, Camberley. Telephone: Camberley 1520 - Ext. 3

S T A F F.

Medical Officer of Health.
F. CHURCHILL DAVIDSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H..

Deputy Medical Officer of Health. C.M. FINNY, M.B., D.P.H., F.R.C.S.. Died 20.6.55.

Position now vacant.

Chief Sanitary Inspector.
B.J.D. WARREN, M.S.I.A., F.R.E.S..

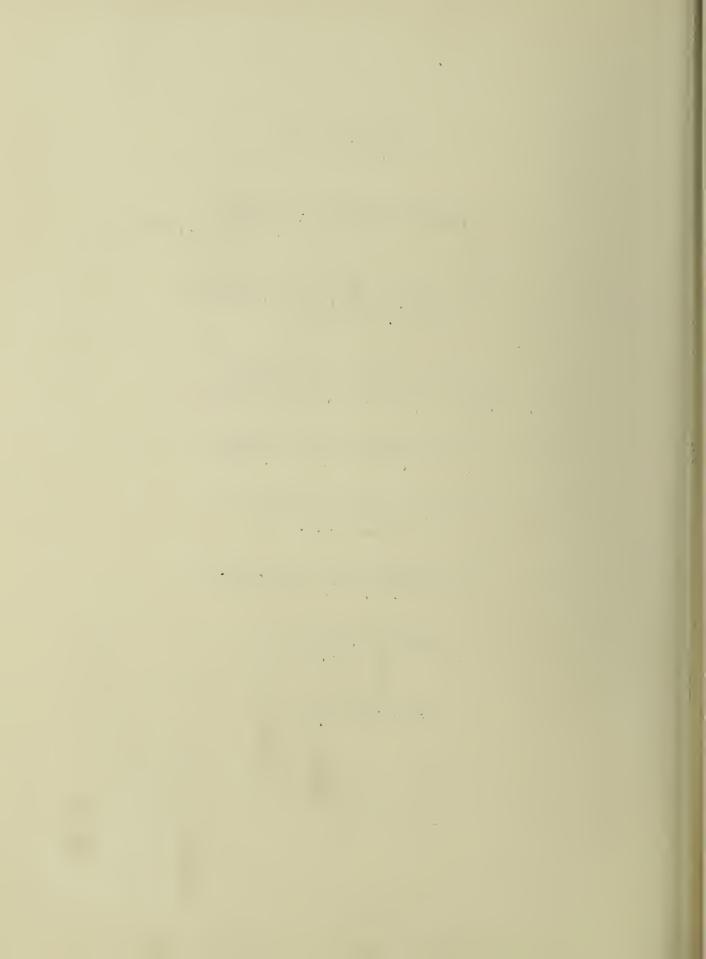
Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector.
A.J. DESBROW, Cert.S.I.B..

Additional Sanitary Inspector. M.J. DAVIS, M.S.I.A..

Public Analyst (as from 1.10.55). D.D. MOIR, M.Sc., F.R.I.C..

Chief Clerk.
MISS M. HOPPINS.

Clerk.
MISS E.B. HODGE.



REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE YEAR 1955.

To the Chairman and Members of the Frimley and Camberley Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

In accordance with the directions of the Minister of Health, I have pleasure in submitting my Annual Report for 1955.

The health of the District was good. The number of cases of Infectious Diseases notified was remarkably low, except for Measles 433, of which there were no deaths.

The deaths of Infants under four weeks and one year of age have shown a decrease in comparison with the previous year. The death rate (after correction for comparability factors) was 8.50 as compared with the figure for England and Wales of 11.7 per 1,000 population. The birth rate remains above the average for England and Wales being 18.09 as compared with 15.0.

VITAL STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.	
Area 7.766	acres.
Population (Registrar General's Estimated Mid-Year 1954) 22,936 non-c	(including ivilians).
Number of dwellinghouses (At 31st December, 1955) 6,216	•
Rateable Value (At. 31st March, 1956) £254,58	8.
Rates in the £ 19s.	Od.
Product of a Penny Rate (At 31st March, 1956) £1005.	9.10.605.
Total. Male. F	'emale.
LIVE BIRTHS (Legitimate 376 186 (Illegitimate 19 10	19 0 9
STILL BIRTHS (Legitimate 7 4	3
DE ATHS 191 85	106
Deaths. Rate per total (Li Still) bi	ve &
(a) Puerperal sepsis	
Deaths of Infants under one year of age:-	
Total. Male. F	emale.
Legitimate 6 4 Illegitimate	2
Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age:-	
Legitimate 6 4 Illegitimate	2

Cause of Death.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1. Tuberculosis, other 3. Syphilitic disease. 4. Diphtheria	19-7-164213124341-1-2822	3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 -	
	men en enemale en e	106	191
CRUDE BIRTH RATE BIRTH RATE (Corrected with comparability CRUDE DEATH RATE DEATH RATE (Corrected with comparability DEATH RATE OF INFANTS UNDER ONE YEAR OF A (All infants per 1,000 Live Births 6 (Legitimate Infants per 1,000 Legitimat Deaths Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 Illegit	factor)	8	

TOTALS	Scarlet Fever. Whooping Cough. Diphtheria Acute Pneumonia. Measles. Meningococcal Infection. Ac.Poliomyelitis(Paralytic) Ac.Fncephalitis(Infective) -do- (Non-paralytic) Ac.Encephalitis(Infective) -do- (Post-infectious). Dysentery. Ophthalmia Neonatorum. Puerperal Pyrexia. Smallpox Para-Typhoid Fevers. Enteric or Typhoid Fever. Food Poisoning. Primary Tuberculosis (Respiratory). Walaria. Other forms).	Notifiable Disease.	
522	10 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ALL AGES	Q
12	1	Under 1	CASES
30	111 111111111111111	1 to 2	
46	111 11111111111111111111111111111111111	2 to 3	NOT IF LED
61	111 1111111111111111111111111111111111	3 to 4	I
56	4 47101111111111111111111111111111111111	4 to 5	
262		5 to 10	TIOHV NI
14	111 11311111111111111111111111111111111	10 to 15	FIC
6	11411111111111111	15 to 20	DISTRICT
10		20 to 35	SIR!
6	111 11411111111411	35 to 45	CI
19		45 and over	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -
395	F18 1271 F11 1911 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Cámberley & Yorktown.	ota in oca
66	111 11011111111111111111	Frimley.	トゥ トロ ト
46	110 11111111111111111111111111111111111	Frimley Green & Hytchett.	case ch ty
15	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Blackdown & Despout.	ಹ
24	01140111111111011 COIH	Yorktown.	10000 0000 0000
1	1.13.11.11.11.11.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	Frimley. Frimley Green &	To Tea
5	110 111111111111111		aşes 1 1 n 1 sp
H		TOTAL CASES REMOVE	TD S
28	W114711111111110111 014	TO HOSPITAL.	0
4	11114111111111111111111	DEATHS.	

Disinfection.

During the year seven premises have been disinfected, comprising:-

Four loads of clothing and bedding were subjected to disinfection and one load destroyed during the year.

Disinfection in cases of non-notifiable disease is carried out on request, and the cost re-charged.

Hospital Services.

There has been no major changes in the hospital services provided by the Farnham Group Hospital Management Committee during the year and the details contained in previous reports have been omitted.

The District continues to be represented on the Group Management Committee by Mrs. Redding C.C. and Mr. A.C. Beer.

Frimley and Camberley Hospital.

In view of the possible population increase of some 10,000 in the next five years, and if this development continues a new hospital will have to be provided for the area. The following provisional plan has therefore been made:-

- (1) The acquisition of residential accommodation for staff in order to free space in the hospital for adaptation as ward accommodation. This is an immediate short-term policy to which the Ministry of Health have agreed and waits only for a suitable property to become available.
- (2) The temporary improvement of the X-ray facilities and the provision of an isolation ward for the Maternity Department. Detailed plans for this work have been prepared and are being submitted to the Regional Board for approval.

- (3) A new Out-patients' Department has been approved in principle and is expected to figure in the Board's capital programme in 1957/59.
- (4) Land has been zoned for future hospital development, and plans for this will proceed in the light of the population trend over the next few years.

The service in the existing building has continued to develop; an out-patient clinic in pathology has been introduced and arrangements have been made for visits from a plastic surgeon; the Nursing Establishment has been improved.

A new short-wave diathermy apparatus was purchased during the year at a cost of £190.

Venereal Disease.

Free and confidential advice and treatment continued to be available at the Royal Surrey County Hospital, Guildford, and Woking and District Victoria Hospital, Woking, throughout the year. The details of location of clinics and times remained unchanged.

Tuberculosis Dispensaries.

Tuberculosis Dispensaries are available at the following centres:-

FARNHAM CHEST CLIMIC now held at Morthfield Hospital, Aldershot.
Wednesdays 9.30 a.m.

WOKING: Clarence Avenue.

Mondays at 10 a.m. 2nd Monday at 5.30 p.m.

GUILDFORD: Tower House, Epsom Road.

Mondays and Wednesdays at 1.30 pm.

Fridays at 9.30 a.m.

EGHAM: Surrey County Council Clinic, Kings Road. 2nd and 4th Thursdays at 2 p.m.

TUBERCULOSIS.

New cases and Mortality

during 1955.

	-								
Age			w Cases			Death			
Pariods	Resp	iratory.	Non-Res	piratory.	Respiratory Non-Respiratory.				
errous.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
								_	
1-4	F3	H	_	_	_		_	ma	
5-14	-	Eccin		← s	-	E11	-	-	
15-24	-	8	-	g125	-	⇔	-	_	
25-34	3	1	2	ten	-	m] 	-	
35-44	_	2	-	5	_	era.	-	_	
45-54	3	603	g==3	po po	-	E:1	-	=	
55-64	1	900	ura .	-	-	ers.	=		
65 & upwards.	2	ସ୍ତୋ	870B		-	grass .	9000	_	
TOTALS	9	11_	2		=				

Note: New cases include eleven transfers (Five females and six males).

The Register shows that the number of persons resident in the Urban District on December 31st, 1955, suffering from Tuberculosis was 187, the same figure as previous year.

				Male.	Female.	Total.
Respiratory	0	•	•	94	70	164
Non-respiratory	•	٥	•	14	9	23

Midwifery.

There were eight midwives practising in the District as in the previous year.

Maternity and Child Welfare.

Four maternity and child welfare clinics continued to be provided in the area.

In addition, since May, 1955, the Farnham Group Hospital Management Committee granted temporary facilities at Hawkedon to the Surrey County Council for clinic purposes pending the acquisition by the Council of alternative accommodation.

Hawkedon Orthopaedic and Rheumatism Clinic.

Out-patients clinic - alternate Mondays.

Welfare Food Distribution.

The Poplars Clinic. Tuesday and Friday - 2-4 pm.

from 4.5.55. Hawkedon, London Road.... Wednesday 2 - 4 p.m.

Laboratory facilities.

The Ministry of Health Public Laboratory Service continued to carry out pathological and bacteriological examinations; concurrently arrangements were made with the Public Analyst for all chemical work.

The following "Antigens" are available on application:

- 1. Diphtheria Antitoxin.
- 2. Diphtheria Prophylactic Alum Precipitated Toxoid.
- 3. Suspended Diphtheria-Pertussis Prophylactic. 4. Suspended Whooping Cough Vaccine.
- 5. Streptococcus Antitoxin (Scarlatina).6. Anti-Tetanic Serum.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

318 children were immunised and 672 re-immunised against Diphtheria during the year.

Some indication of the child population covered by these figures is estimated in the following age groups:-

approximately 3.5% immunised under one year of age.

- ,, 69.1% ,, between one and four years.
- ,, 78.6% ,, five and fourteen years.

Whooping Cough.

250 children were immunised and 73 re-immunised against Whooping Cough during the year.

Scabies.

Clinics continued to be held as required at the Surrey County Council Welfare Centre, The Poplars, Frimley Road, Camberley.

Yours faithfully,

F. CHURCHILL DAVIDSON.

Medical Officer of Health.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR THE

YEAR - 1955.

To the Chairman and Members of the Frimley and Camberley Urban District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting the following report relating to the work of the Department carried out during the year.

As a result of the coming into force of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act, 1954, the department carried out a survey of houses in the district to prepare a report for submission to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government on sub-standard property. Prior to this the Council had in some measure anticipated the Minister's requirements by preparing a scheme dealing with some forty sub-standard dwellings. The final proposals to comply with section 1 of the Housing Repairs and Rents Act were submitted to the Minister in August, 1955.

Consideration was given to the availability of suitable slaughtering facilities to serve this district and after consultation with all butchers it was decided that adequate facilities were available at Guildford and Reading. In view of this the Council resolved that no further licences to use premises as slaughterhouses be granted under the Food and Drugs Act.

The bacteriological examination of foodstuff on sale to the public continues as a routine measure to assist in the control of food poisoning. Whilst the duties in connection with the examination of all articles of meat and other foods as to fitness for human consumption has been the responsibility of the department, the administration of the Food and Drugs Acts has been administered by the Surrey County Council. As from the 1st October, 1955 this administrative responsibility becomes the prerogative of the District Council, and all matters pertaining to Food and Drugs are now brought within the jurisdiction of this department.

The department is to commence tests to ascertain the presence of atmospheric pollution and is co-operating with the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research. The subject is one of utmost importance to the general public especially when one bears in mind that each person consumes daily more than five times as much air as the total weight of solid food and water. These facts alone justify every precaution to prevent any deterioration by way of atmospheric pollution.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER - Sources of Supply.

Water is supplied for the whole of the Urban District by the Mid-Wessex Water Company.

The supply is obtained from the Company's deep wells in the chalk at Greywell, near Odiham, Itchel, near Crondall, Beenham's Heath, near Wokingham, and from the Bagshot Sands at Frimley.

The Frimley water has a total hardness of 5.5 grains per gallon, and is subject to treatment y aeration, sand filtration and chlorination before being pumped into supply. The Company are required by statute to reduce the hardness of water supplied to a limit of 12 grains per gallon, and in view of this condition the supplies from Greywell and Beenham's Heath, each of which have a total hardness of 19.5 to 21 grains per gallon, are subjected to softening treatment by the lime process. Softening at Itchel was temporarily suspended in June 1953 by Order of the Minister of Housing and Local Government, consequent upon his refusal to authorise the reconstruction of the old and inadequate existing softening plant.

Purity of Supply.

All sources are practically sterile in the raw state before treatment, but a precautionary dose of chlorine is introduced into the normal process of treatment in conformity with modern waterworks practice. Samples of water from all sources are frequently and regularly examined.

PUBLIC CLEANSING AND RAW MATERIAL RECOVERY.

This service continued on similar lines and the problems associated with maintenance of an efficient refuse collection service unfortunately followed the pattern of postwar years.

Non-availability of suitable labour for this type of work is a problem not, of course, confined to Frimley and Camberley area but the rapid development of this District has accentuated the local problem.

No new vehicles were bought during the year but the need for an additional freighter became evident as an urgent requirement in the near future.

Installation of underground storage accommodation for petroleum spirit at Vale Road Depot resulted in considerable economy in man hours and unproductive mileage. Despite the readiness of the Council to approve additions and improvements to the garage and depot facilities at the Sewage Disposal Works on a short term basis, permanent Depot accommodation for the use of all Departments remains a pressing need in the interests of efficiency and economy.

Erections of additional temporary accommodation at Crabtree Road Depot were well in hand at the end of the year preparatory to installation of new baling plant early in 1956.

Tonnage of recovered material continued at a very satisfactory level and an income of over £5,500 obtained against an estimate of £5,000. Tonnage of waste paper recovered was again at a record level for the District.

Refuse disposal by 'controlled tipping' continued although acute shortage of material made it impracticable to cover all refuse in accordance with Ministry of Health recommendations; this shortage could to a large extent be ameliorated by the introduction of earth moving equipment.

Problems again arose in connection with pest control despite the active co-operation of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research (Pest Control Board) and the use of the most modern insecticides. Research by Officers of the Board showed that flies with an extremely high resistance to the chlorinated hydrocarbon group of insecticides were present. Considerable control was effected using malathion, an insecticide of the organo-phosphorous group but the situation could not be regarded as satisfactory; certain methods of treatment advocated by American authorities were tried but practical experience did not bear out some of the claims made. No chemical treatment of refuse has yet shown to be an effective substitute for the system of adequate covering with suitable material.

Details of materials receovered and income derived during the financial year ended 31st March, 1956 are appended:-

	Tons.	cwts	.qrs	£	• S	. d.	
Waste Paper	533 22 1 17 1	16 6 13 15 17 16 4	2 1 0 2 0 3 2 -	0 0 2 13 0 27 0	4,579 1 621 249 41 6 18	.13 .17 .9 .10 .14 .9 .7	. 4. . 3. .11.
		9					

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

MILK SUPPLY.

There are 7 producers of milk in the District but the majority of milk consumed in the area is provided by wholesalers outside the administrative area.

The number of milk producers and retailers operating in the Urban District is set out in the following table:-

No. of Registered Cowkeepers	7 17
outside the area	2
	1 10 1 9 4
Supplementary Licences to retail Tuberculin Tested Milk	1 1 1

MILK SAMPLING.

One hundred and ten samples of designated milks were submitted to the Public Health laboratory during the year; one hundred and five proved satisfactory. Five unsatisfactory samples were obtained from a pasteurising plant in the district due to a defect in the plant. The necessary action was taken to prevent a recurrence.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS.

The routine examination of foodstuffs continues an importance branch of the Department's work. Close liaison is maintained with the Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries.

All bacteriological work is now carried out by the Ministry of Health Public Health Laboratory and the Public Analyst.

In the course of inspection at food premises, the following co-modities were found to be unfit for human consumption and were voluntarily surrendered for destruction:-

OTHER FOOD (CONTINUED). 3 tins Gooseberries. 50 lbs. Fish. 13 tins Fish. tin Guavas. 18 tins Loganberries. 13 tins Mandarin Oranges. MEAT. 213 lbs. Imported Beef. English Pork. 2 tins Oranges. 1 tin Orange Juice. 4 tins Peaches. ll lbs. English Lamb. Pears. Pineapple. 9 9 10 lbs. English Ox Liver. Pineapple.

Plums.

Plums.

Ibs. Prunes.

tins Beetroot.

Beans.

tin Butter Beans.

tins Carrots.

Mixed Vegetables.

Peas.

Peas.

Tomatoes.

tin Tomato Juice.

I tin Tomato Puree. 9 9 64 lbs. Bacon Hock. 125 lbs. Beef in form of stew =2½ gallons prepared stew. 95 lbs.10 oz.tinned Cooked Ham. 34 lbs. 8 oz. ,, Corned Beef. 12 lbs. Jellied Veal. 9 9 ,, Minced Beef Loaf. Ox Tongues. 2 lbs. 4 oz. 6 lbs. Stewed Steak. 7층 OZ .. 2 9 tins Soup. tins Cream. OTHER FOODS. 60 tins Evaporated Milk.
2 tins Skinned Milk.
10 Chocolate Milk.
1 jar Fruit Chutney.
7 jars Paste. 2 tins Apricots. ,, Cherries. . ,, Fruit Salad. jars Paste bottles Salad Cream. lbs. Cheese. lbs. Chocolate. tins Preserves. ,, Grapefruit. 19 Grapes. 9 9

FOOD POISONING.

Twenty-one cases of Food Poisoning were pported during the course of the year.

The following articles of food were examined for the presence of food poisoning organisms:-

```
2 samples of Pork Sausages.
2 , Pork Sausage Me
2 Beef Sausages.
              Pork Sausage Meat.
               Beef Sausage Meat.
  sample of Poloney Sausage.
 samples of Liver Sausage.
  sample of Pork Pie.
3 samples of Black pudding. I sample of Aislet.
               Jellied Veal.
               Spam.
422
  samples of Pork Luncheon Meat.
               Brawn.
               Tongue.
       99
               Bath Chap.
  sample of Bacon.
1
               Cooked Steak.
       9 9
1
               Cooked Gammon.
       99
1
               Silverside.
  samples of Veal & Ham & Egg Galantine.
2
               Oatmeal.
  sample of Porridge Oats.
1
               Sandwich Spread.
1
               Ground Almonds.
       9 9
               Almond Paste.
  samples of Ice Cream.
               Dried Egg.
  sample of
               Lard.
               Cooking Fat.
               Poeled Tomatoes.
```

Manufacture and Sale of Ice Cream.

There are now 82 premises registered in the district; 2 of these are licensed to manufacture and 80 are licensed to retail prepacked ice cream. All premises and vehicles used in connection with this trade have been kept under constant supervision and a close liaison exists between those Local Authorities in whose area the manufactured commodity is produced.

Samples of Ice Cream have been taken from the various manufacturers and retailers, the results of examination being as follows:

Grade	1			•	•	•	•		0	•	3	• 43
												. 6
Grade	3	•	۰	0	٥		•	٠	0		۰	• 5
Grade	4	0	۰	•	۰	•	•	•	0	•	•	• Nil
'Lollies'	•	•	۰	•	•	۰	•	۰	•	•	•	4 (Faccal
												coli not isolated)

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938 - 1950.

Return of Samples taken in the District by the Surrey County Council and analysed during period 1.1.55 to 30.9.55.

		Analysed.		Adulter	ated or]	rregular.
Articles.	Formal	.Informal.	Total.	Formal.	Informal.	Total.
Food.						
Milk	47	, best	47	3	-	3
Baby Food	Τ.		<u> </u>	-	-	-
Biscuits	<u> </u>		1	L	-	1
Chicken Spread.	_ 1	- -	1		-	-
Cream double	1	-	1		-	500
Fish Paste	1	-	1	_	-	
Milk-Flavoured.	1		1	1	-	1
Sausages	, 1	-	1	-	-	-
Soft Drinks	1		1		-	
Drugs.		1				
Calamine Ointmen	t -	2	2	-	_	-
TOTALS .	5.5	2	57	5	-	5

Return of Samples taken by the Frimley and Camberley Urban District Council and analysed during period 1.10.55 - 31.12.55.

Articles.	Formal.	Analysed. Infornal.			ated or I Infornal.	rregular. Total.
Food. Milk Pork Sausages White Pepper. Tomato Ketchup.	1 1		2 1 1	944 154		-
Non-Alcoholic Ginger . Mincemeat Cake-Mix	1 1		1 1 1			-
TOTALS	7	1	8	==	-	_

Slaughterhouses - Policy.

As previously stated, meetings were held with all the butchers supplying meat in the district, together with Representatives of the Reading and District Master Butchers' Association to discuss the need for further slaughterhouse facilities.

The Council gave consideration to all the circumstances arising therefrom and resolved to discontinue the licensing of premises as slaughterhouses under the provisions of the Food and Drugs Act, and that having regard to the arrangements being made by the Guildford Borough Corporation for the acquisition of an up-to-date Abattoir to be taken over from the Ministry of Food and the Abattoir facilities existing at Reading, it was decided that the slaughterhouse facilities in these two towns would also provide the needs for this district.

VERMIN INFESTATION CONTROL.

Rodent destruction.

A total of 198 premises were treated for rat and

mice infestation during the year.

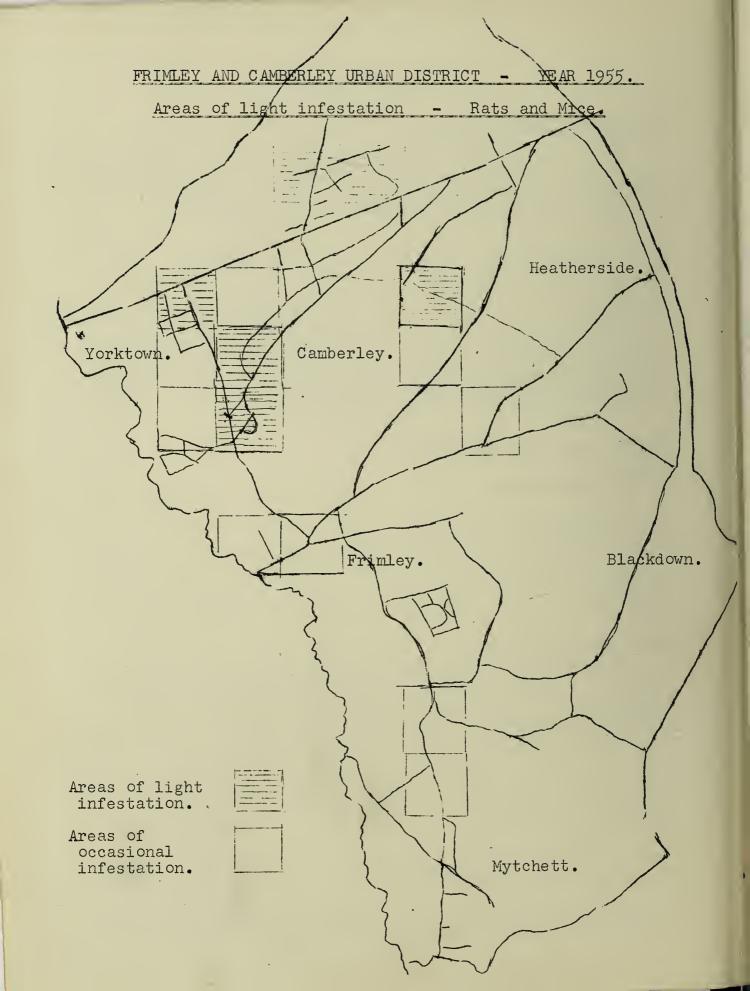
The use of the anticoagulant 'Warfarin' was continued throughout the year and proved so satisfactory that it was not necessary to resort to the use of orthodox chemical poisons thereby eliminating many of the hazards associated with their use.

Sewer Test Baiting.

100 sewer manholes were tested in groups throughout the Urban District and only one point of infestation was found. This sewer was treated and the infestation remedied.

			esult of complaint							
and investigations made during the year 1955. R A T S.										
	Dwellings (incl.Council houses)			Farms & Small- holdings.	TOTAL.					
-	145 (136)	18 (23)	2 (4)	2 (7)	167 (170)					
	MICE.									
-	1 ⁴ (33)	17 (16)	Nil (Nil)	Nil (Nil)	3149)					

The figures in brackets are the comparable figures for 1954.



Other pests.

Preventive spraying against fly infestation was carried out for the Surrey Education Committee in six canteens on a rechargeable basis as in former years. Further spraying was also carried out at the Controlled Tip Buildings.

One property was treated for fleas during the year.

Other properties disinfested included:-

A 20 + 0										5
Ants	۰	•	0	0	0	0	0	•	0	2
Bees	۰	•	۰	•	۰	•	0	•	•	3
Cockr	oa	ch	CS	•					•	6
Mites										1
Wasps										34
Flies										2
V	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	Bases

Mosquito Control.

Watercourses. ditches and ponds in the District where mosquitoes are known to be breeding were sprayed during the scason.

The House Longhorn Beetle. (Hylotrupes bajulus).

The facilities referred to in previous reports for survey of properties and advice given to Cwners, Building Societies, Architects and Surveyors have been continued. Surveys are also carried out in respect of application for mortgage under the Small Dwellings Acquisition Acts and Housing Acts on behalf of the Council.

Fifty-three primary surveys were carried out during the year and numerous other premises were re-examined for evidence of re-infestation.

There are practically no instances where satisfactory treatment to arrest the infestation cannot be carried out. Also in every case it is recommended that the work should be undertaken by firms who specialise in this class of work.

No difficulties have been experienced in compliance with a Byclaw requiring pre-treatment of roof timbers in new buildings.

. PUBLIC CONVENIENCES.

Conveniences for both sexes are provided at:-

- (a) London Road (opposite Duke of York Hotel), Camberley.
- (b) London Road Recreation Ground, Camberley.
- (c) Car Park, Obelisk Street, Camberley.
- (d) Deepcut Bridge Road, Blackdown.

Accommodation for men only is provided at:-

- (e) Rose and Thistle Hotel, Frinley Green (by agreement with the Brewery Company).
- (f) Church Road, Frimley.

During the year consideration was again given to the provision of hot water supply facilities at the Car Park Public Convenience, Obelisk Street, but owing to the substantial cost and economic conditions obtaining at the time it was decided to defer these proposals until a later date.

It is regretted that the standard of hygiene of users remains unsatisfactory in many cases and malicious damage causes unnecessary expenditure on maintenance. The conveniences on the London Road Recreation Ground are increasingly used by through traffic to such an extent that the accommodation is now inadequate.

A scheme for improved facilities at Frimley is under consideration.

HOUSING REPAIRS AND RENTS ACT, 1954.

In accordance with the requirements of Section 1 of the Act, proposals were submitted to the Minister of Housing and Local Government outlining the Council's proposals for dealing with properties which are unfit for human habitation within the meaning of the Housing Act, 1936.

A provisional schedule of 106 houses was prepared including 40 in the Prospect Place/Plantation Row area in respect of which action had already been initiated by the

Council in some instances. The remainder of properties comprised individual or small groups of dwellings which, if demolished, would have no significant Town Planning importance from the re-development aspect.

It should be appreciated that the list is a provisional one, subject to amendment as found necessary at the time of detailed survey.

Enquirers with bona-fide interests in the proposals, including intending purchasers, are advised on the lines laid down in Ministry Circular No. 54/55.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948, Section 50.

One burial was undertaken at public expense during the year in accordance with the provisions of the abovementioned Act.

MORTUARY.

The existing mortuary continued to be used during the year. Sixteen post-mortens were carried out.

The provision of improved accommodation with modern facilities has been under consideration for some time but implementation of the scheme has been deferred temporarily for economic reasons.

The Attendant, who is a superannuated employee, has continued to carry out duties during the year. The detailed arrangements referred to in my previous report have proved most satisfactory.

RE-INTERMENT.

There was one re-interment carried out during the year under Licence from the Home Office.

PETROLEUM (REGULATIONS) ACTS, 1928 - 1936.

Forty licences were issued during the year, sanctioning the storage of petroleum spirit or petroleum mixtures in the form of cellulose. A new installation at Vale Road Depot was completed during the year.

Storage for bulk supplies of petroleum spirit is provided in underground steel tanks varying in capacity from 250 to 2,000 gallons. Cellulose paint spraying mixtures are stored in metal containers of one to five gallon capacity - bulk supplies of these commodities are kept in brick, metal or other approved fireproof structures.

Total fees received for licences £28. 0. 0.

B.J.D. WARREN.

Chief Sanitary Inspector.

HOUSING ACT, 1936.

PART II.

STATUTORY ACTION.

Formal action under Part II of the Act was taken in respect of the undermentioned properties:-

UNDERTAKINGS ACCEPTED.

Ramleigh, Guildford Road, Frimley Green.

3, Blackdown Road, Blackdown.

Far End, 2, Castle Rcad, Camberley.

St. Anns Lodge, Middleton Road, Camberley.

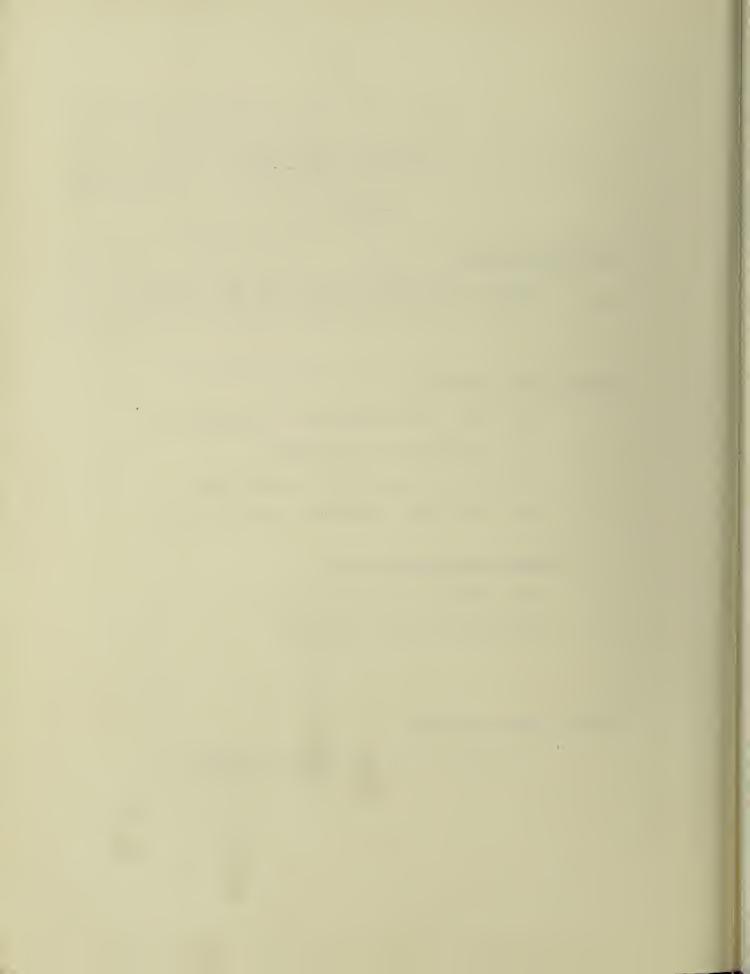
Informal negotiation only.

38, Obelisk Street, Camberley.

119, Frimley Road, Camberley.

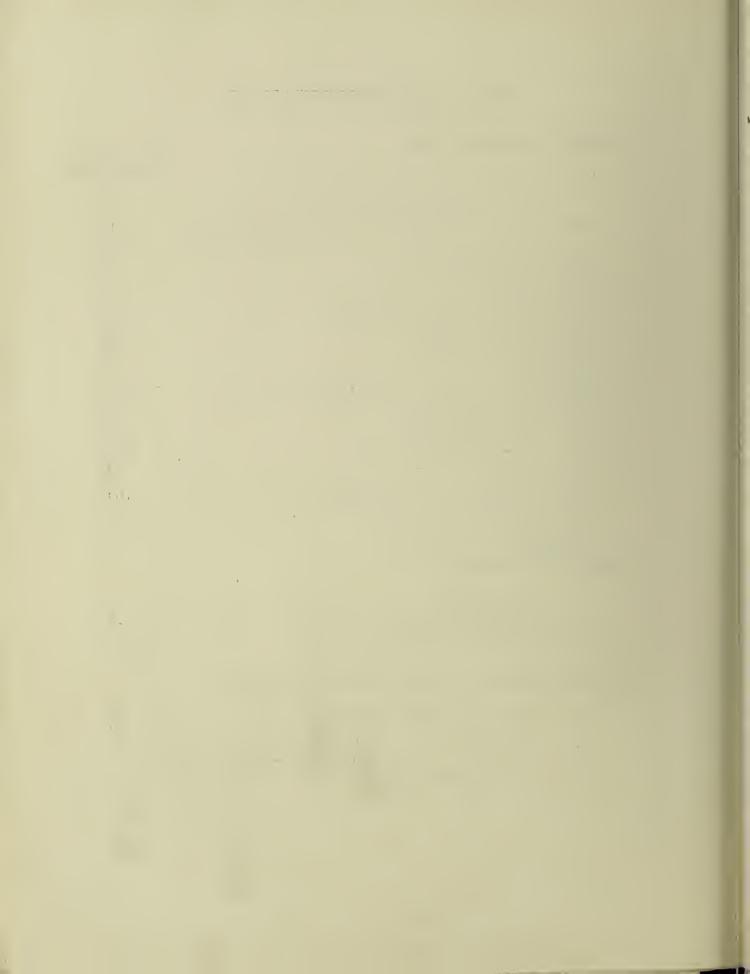
CLOSING ORDER RESCINDED.

2, Laurel Cottages, Guildford Road, Frimley Green.



SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS.	_
	Inspections.
Inspections re Housing Defects	141 141 144 159 1255 1255 1255 1253 1253 1272 140 141 10
Houses inspected	6 6 138
No. of informal notices served	/ ^



FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 and 1948. PART I OF THE ACT.

1. - INSPECTIONS for the purposes of provisions as to health.

Premises.	No. on Regis- ter.		Occupiers prosecuted	
(i) Factories in which Sect.1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	86	55	13	Nil
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Sect.7 is enforced by the Local Authority	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by L.A. (excl.out-workers' premises).	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
TOTAL	86	55	13	Nil

2. - CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

				at the arms and a second and a	
	No.of cases in which defects were found.			No.of cases	
					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Particulars.		Re-	To	Ву	prosecu-
	Found	med-	H.M.	H.M.	tions
	i	ied.	Inspec-	'Inspec-	-were
			tor.	tor.	instituted
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	: 1	. 1.	-	-	
Overcrowding (S.2)	-	-	· ma	E08	
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)) ₍ 🖨	-		-	; ,
Inadequate ventilation (S.4).			. =		=
Ineffective drainage of	1	·	} } }	<u> </u>	
floors (S.6)	-	653	6338	tca	
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7).	_		· !	ہے	
(a) insufficient	1 2		-	5	i
	, Т	Τ_	-	Т.	i 900
(c) not separate for sexes . Other offences against the	-	534	-	-	8 000€
Act (not including offences					t !
relating to Outwork)	2	2		2	
TI OTI AT				0	
TOTAL	9	9	gard.	Ö	-
		(

